TOWN OF PAGOSA SPRINGS

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021



CPAs | CONSULTANTS | WEALTH ADVISORS

CLAconnect.com

TOWN OF PAGOSA SPRINGS TABLE OF CONTENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

FINANCIAL SECTION	
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	4
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	12
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	13
BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	14
RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	15
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	16
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	17
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS	18
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS	19
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – PROPRIETARY FUNDS	20
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	21
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY	42
SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS	43
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	44
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – GENERAL FUND	45
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – TOURISM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND	47

TOWN OF PAGOSA SPRINGS TABLE OF CONTENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

OTHER INFORMATION

	BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES	48
	SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT CAPITAL PROJECT FUND	49
	SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – NONMAJOR CONSERVATION TRUST SPECIAL REVENUE FUND	50
	SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – SANITATION FUND	51
	SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – GEOTHERMAL FUND	52
SI	TATE COMPLIANCE	
	LOCAL HIGHWAY FINANCE REPORT	53

FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Town Council Town of Pagosa Springs Pagosa Springs, Colorado

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the businesstype activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Pagosa Springs, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Pagosa Springs' basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Pagosa Springs, as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town of Pagosa Springs and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town of Pagosa Springs' ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Pagosa Springs's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Town of Pagosa Springs's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, General Fund budgetary comparison schedule, Tourism fund budgetary comparison schedule, and pension schedules as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Pagosa Springs' basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison schedules and the local highway finance report are presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, budgetary comparison schedules, and the local highway finance report are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Broomfield, Colorado August 8, 2022

As management of the Town of Pagosa Springs (Town), we offer readers of the Town's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the year ended December 31, 2021. Please read it in conjunction with the accompanying basic financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total assets plus deferred outflows of resources exceeded total liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources (net position) by \$44,052,741 at close of the fiscal year.
- Total governmental and business-type net position increased by a combined total of \$4,359,298.
- The total cost of all Town programs for 2021 was \$9,115,196.
- The General fund unassigned fund balance at the end of 2021 was \$4,258,262, which is 110.8% of total General fund expenditures.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The three components of the financial statements are: (1) Government-wide financial statements which include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These statements provide information about the activities of the Town as a whole. (2) Fund financial statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Town's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Town's most significant funds. (3) Notes to the financial statements reporting the Town as a Whole.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (Government-wide)

A frequently asked question regarding the Town's financial health is whether the year's activities contributed positively to the overall financial well-being. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the Town as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Town's net position and changes therein. Net position, the difference between assets plus deferred outflows and liabilities plus deferred inflows, are one way to measure the Town's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position is an indicator of whether the financial health is improving or deteriorating. However, it is important to consider other nonfinancial factors such as changes in the condition of the Town's roads to accurately assess the overall health of the Town.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, present information about the following:

- Government activities All of the Town's basic services are considered to be governmental activities, including general government, public safety, public works/streets, parks and recreation, community support, and interest on long-term debt. Sales taxes, property taxes, franchise taxes, intergovernmental revenues and charges for services finance most of these activities.
- Proprietary activities/Business type activities The Town charges a fee to customers to cover most of the cost of the services provided.

Reporting the Town's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds—not the Town as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, management establishes many other funds which aid in the management of money for particular purposes or meet legal responsibilities associated with the usage of certain taxes, grants, and other money. The Town's two major kinds of funds, governmental and proprietary, use different accounting approaches as explained below.

- Governmental funds Most of the Town's basic services are reported in governmental funds. Governmental funds focus on how resources flow in and out with the balances remaining at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called the modified accrual accounting method, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Town's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Government fund information shows whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Town's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation included with the Basic Financial Statements and in footnote 2.
- Proprietary funds When the Town charges customers for the services it provides, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the Town's financial position. The Town's combined assets plus deferred outflows exceeded liabilities plus deferred inflows by \$44,052,741 as of December 31, 2021 as shown in the following condensed statement of net position. Of this amount, \$5,708,330 is unrestricted and available to meet the Town's ongoing financial obligations.

By far the largest portion of net position is the net investment in capital assets of \$33,679,559 (76.45% of total net position). This amount reflects the investment in all capital assets (e.g., infrastructure, land, buildings, and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. These capital assets are used to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the investment in capital assets is reported net of debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The Town has chosen to account for its sanitation and geothermal operations in enterprise funds which are shown as Business Activities.

The following table summarizes the Town's governmental and business-type net position as of December 31, 2021 and 2020:

	Governmental Activities		Business-Ty	vpe Activities	Total		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
ASSETS							
Current and Other Assets	\$ 9,775,077	\$ 7,250,593	\$ 1,376,500	\$ 1,029,623	\$ 11,151,577	\$ 8,280,216	
Capital Assets	31,558,426	30,929,264	10,484,302	10,660,381	42,042,728	41,589,645	
Total Assets	41,333,503	38,179,857	11,860,802	11,690,004	53,194,305	49,869,861	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	;						
Pension Outflows	196,495	208,448			196,495	208,448	
LIABILITIES							
Long-Term Debt Outstanding	4,435,668	4,785,774	3,411,185	3,777,692	7,846,853	8,563,466	
Other Liabilities	708,920	1,300,418	454,556	331,251	1,163,476	1,631,669	
Total Liabilities	5,144,588	6,086,192	3,865,741	4,108,943	9,010,329	10,195,135	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Pension Inflows	119,046	51,530	-	-	119,046	51,530	
Property Taxes	162,865	96,611	45,819	41,590	208,684	138,201	
	281,911	148,141	45,819	41,590	327,730	189,731	
NET POSITION							
Net Investment in Capital Assets	26,837,047	25,337,269	6,842,512	6,585,478	33,679,559	31,922,747	
Restricted	4,664,852	3,028,456	-	-	4,664,852	3,028,456	
Unrestricted	4,601,600	3,788,247	1,106,730	953,993	5,708,330	4,742,240	
Total Net Position	\$ 36,103,499	\$ 32,153,972	\$ 7,949,242	\$ 7,539,471	\$ 44,052,741	\$ 39,693,443	

Statement of Net Position

An additional portion of net position, \$4,664,852, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position, \$5,708,330 (12.96% of total net position), may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Governmental Activities

The cost of all Governmental activities this year was \$8,137,974 as shown in the Changes in Net Position statement below. \$972,784 of this cost was paid for by those who directly benefited from the programs. \$1,303,726 was subsidized by grants or contributions received from other governmental organizations for both capital and operating activities. General taxes, investment earnings, gain on sale of assets and other revenues totaled \$9,998,846.

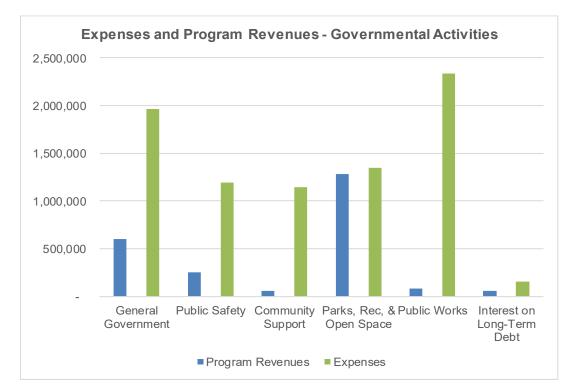
The Town's programs include: General Government, Public Safety, Public Works/Streets, Parks & Recreation, and Community Support. Each program's revenues and expenses are presented below.

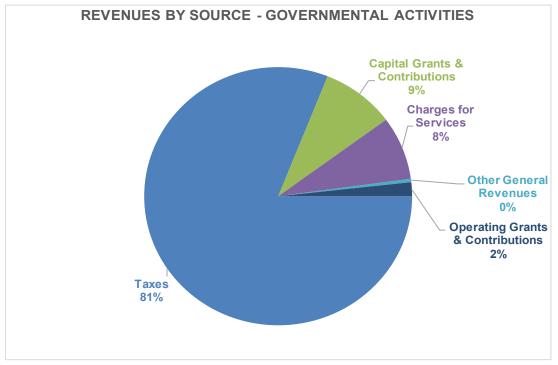
Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Business-Ty	/pe Activities	Total		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Program Revenues Charges for Services Operating Grants & Contributions	\$ 972,784 212,739	\$ 674,241 1,261,011	\$ 928,739	\$ 843,671	\$ 1,901,523	\$ 1,517,912 1,261,011	
Capital Grants & Contributions	1,090,987	1,470,744	213,215	94,325	1,304,202	1,565,069	
General Revenues Taxes Investment Earnings	9,945,567 53,279	8,282,358 29,845	56,035 1,149	53,275 1,866	10,001,602	8,335,633 31,711	
Other General Revenues		- 20,040	-	1,000	-	-	
Total Revenues	12,275,356	11,718,199	1,199,138	993,137	13,474,494	12,711,336	
Program Expenses							
General Government	1,964,997	2,355,856	-	-	1,964,997	2,355,856	
Public Safety	1,189,473	1,103,433	-	-	1,189,473	1,103,433	
Public Works/Streets	2,333,284	2,119,682	-	-	2,333,284	2,119,682	
Parks, Recreation, and Open Space	1,350,904	1,210,302	-	-	1,350,904	1,210,302	
Community Support	1,144,602	1,921,869	-	-	1,144,602	1,921,869	
Interest on Long-Term Debt	154,714	105,067	-	-	154,714	105,067	
Sanitation	-	-	912,306	1,029,073	912,306	1,029,073	
Geothermal			64,916	115,330	64,916	115,330	
Total Expenses	8,137,974	8,816,209	977,222	1,144,403	9,115,196	9,960,612	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers	(187,855)	(26,750)	187,855	26,750			
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	3,949,527	2,875,240	409,771	(124,516)	4,359,298	2,750,724	
Net Position - Beginning of Year	32,153,972	29,278,732	7,539,471	7,663,987	39,693,443	36,942,719	
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 36,103,499	\$ 32,153,972	\$ 7,949,242	\$ 7,539,471	\$ 44,052,741	\$ 39,693,443	

Total resources available during the year to finance governmental operations were \$36,103,499 consisting of net position at January 1, 2021 of \$32,153,972, Program Revenues of \$2,276,510, and General Revenues of \$9,998,846. Revenues increased in 2021 due to increases in sales tax revenues during fiscal year 2021. Expenditures decreased from \$8,816,209 to \$8,137,974 primarily due to loss on disposals of capital assets in 2020 and less repairs and maintenance costs related to capital projects.

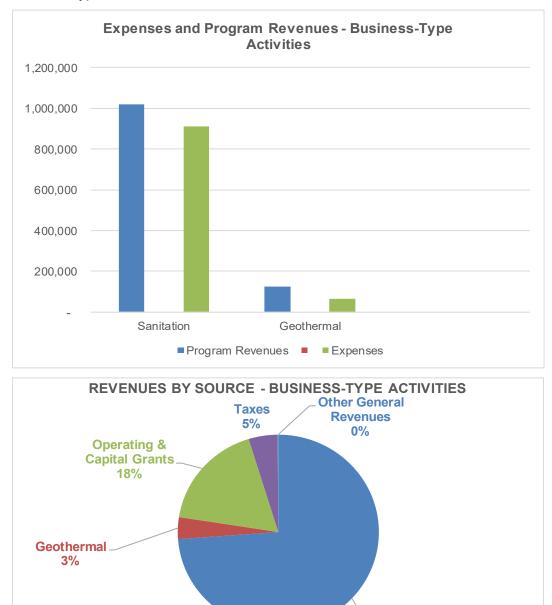
The following graphs compare program expenses to program revenues and provides a breakdown of revenues by source for all governmental activities:





Business Type Activities

Net position of the Business Type activities at December 31, 2021, as reflected in the Statement of Net Position was \$7,949,242. The cost of providing all Proprietary (Business-type) activities this year was \$977,222. As shown in the Statement of Changes in Net Position, the amounts paid by users of the system were \$928,739 and there was \$213,215 subsidized by capital grants and contributions. Investment earnings and tax revenues were \$57,184. The Net Position increased by \$409,771. The following graphs compare the total business-type activity expenses by service to the charges for those services and the graph at the bottom of the page provides a breakdown of the total revenues for business-type activities.



(9)

Sanitation 74%

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

Governmental funds: The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$9,246,422, an increase of \$2,932,452 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 32.1%, \$4,258,262 constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion.

The Town has three major governmental funds, the general fund, the capital improvement fund, and the tourism fund.

The General fund is the primary operating fund for the Town. At December 31, 2021, unassigned fund balance in the General fund was \$4,258,262. As a measure of the General fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Total unassigned fund balance represents 110.8% of the total General fund expenditures. The fund balance of the Town's General fund increased by \$1,414,373 for the year ended December 31, 2021. As compared to the prior year, the General fund revenues increased due to increased tax, and charges for services. General fund expenses increased due to increased expenses in general government, parks and recreation and community support.

The Capital Improvement fund budgeted for and completed several projects during the year. The expected reduction in fund balance was (\$1,289,013). The actual change in fund balance was \$830,637.

The Tourism fund is used to account for tax on lodging establishments and the related community support expenditures. Actual revenues were more than budgeted revenues, and actual expenditures were less than budgeted expenditures which resulted in an increase in fund balance of \$676,225.

Proprietary funds: The Town's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Net position and changes in net position for the year-ended December 31, 2021 for the Town's enterprise funds (Sanitation and Geothermal) are as follows:

	Sanitation		G	Geothermal		Total
Unrestricted Net Position	\$	940,563		166,167	\$	1,106,730
Total Net Position		7,551,095		398,147		7,949,242
Change in Net Position	\$	331,776	\$	77,995	\$	409,771

Budgetary Highlights

General fund revenues of \$5,504,370 were higher than budgeted revenues of \$4,264,435 by \$1,239,935. The most significant factor contributing to this excess amount is related to sales taxes which exceeded budget by \$929,160. Budgeted expenditures exceeded actual expenditures by \$819,312.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The capital assets of the Town are those assets that are used in performance of Town functions including infrastructure assets. Capital Assets include equipment, buildings, land, system improvements, park facilities, and roads. At the end of 2021, net capital assets of the government activities totaled \$31,558,426 and the net capital assets of the business-type activities were \$10,484,302. The most significant governmental capital additions were the River Walk Trail construction project. The most significant business-type capital addition was the geothermal utility line replacement. Depreciation on capital assets for both government activities and business-type activities is recognized in the Government-Wide financial statements. (See note 5 to the financial statements.)

Debt

At year-end, the Town had \$4,899,659 in governmental-type debt, and \$3,641,789 in proprietary debt. During the current fiscal year, the Town's total debt decreased by \$1,021,064. (See note 6 to the financial statements for detailed descriptions.)

NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND ECONOMIC FACTORS

In considering the Town Budget for fiscal year 2022, the Town Council and management were cautious as to the growth of revenues and expenditures due to a slow economy.

CONTACTING THE TOWN'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to show the Town's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Town Clerk at: PO Box 1859, Pagosa Springs, CO 81147.

TOWN OF PAGOSA SPRINGS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Gov	vernmental Activities	Bus	siness-Type Activities		Totals
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	7,483,928	\$	1,314,836	\$	8,798,764
Receivables (Net of Allowance)		2,051,873		193,198		2,245,071
Internal Balances		131,534		(131,534)		-
Net Pension Asset		107,742		-		107,742
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)						
Land		3,149,050		16,376		3,165,426
Construction in Progress		328,548		103,187		431,735
Buildings and Improvements		8,149,229		212,836		8,362,065
Machinery and Equipment		1,043,553		215,115		1,258,668
Infrastructure and Systems		18,888,046		9,936,788		28,824,834
Total Assets		41,333,503		11,860,802		53,194,305
DEFFERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Related to Pensions		196,495		-		196,495
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities		225,506		32,682		259 199
Interest Payable		,		9,762		258,188
Unearned Revenue		19,423				29,185
		-		181,507		181,507
Noncurrent Liabilities		400.004				004 500
Due Within One Year		463,991		230,605		694,596
Due in More Than One Year		4,435,668		3,411,185		7,846,853
Total Liabilities		5,144,588		3,865,741		9,010,329
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Related to Pension		119,046		-		119,046
Property Taxes		162,865		45,819		208,684
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		281,911		45,819		327,730
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		26,837,047		6,842,512		33,679,559
Restricted For						
Emergency Reserve		348,891		-		348,891
Net Pension Asset		107,742		-		107,742
Capital Projects		2,549,568		-		2,549,568
Parks and Recreation		59,741		-		59,741
Tourism		1,598,910		-		1,598,910
Unrestricted		4,601,600		1,106,730		5,708,330
Total Net Position	\$	36,103,499	\$	7,949,242	\$	44,052,741
	Ψ	,,,	Ψ	.,	Ψ	,

TOWN OF PAGOSA SPRINGS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		F	Program Revenues	3		et (Expense) Reven I Change in Net Pos	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Totals
Primary Government General Government Public Safety Public Works/Streets Parks and Recreation Community Support Interest on Long-Term Debt Total Government Activities	\$ 1,964,997 1,189,473 2,333,284 1,350,904 1,144,602 154,714 8,137,974	\$ 498,400 213,244 79,965 119,975 61,200 - 972,784	\$ 86,964 40,610 - 85,165 - 212,739	\$ 14,924 - - 1,076,063 - - - 1,090,987	\$ (1,364,709) (935,619) (2,253,319) (69,701) (1,083,402) (154,714) (5,861,464)	\$ - - - - - - -	\$ (1,364,709) (935,619) (2,253,319) (69,701) (1,083,402) (154,714) (5,861,464)
Business-Type Activities Sanitation Geothermal Total Business-Type Activities Total Primary Government	912,306 64,916 977,222 \$ 9,115,196	885,312 43,427 928,739 \$ 1,901,523	- - - \$ 212,739	132,690 80,525 213,215 \$ 1,304,202		105,696 59,036 164,732 164,732	105,696 59,036 164,732 (5,696,732)
		General Revenues Taxes Property Taxes Sales Tax Other Taxes Franchise Tax Lodgers Tax Unrestricted Investment Earnings			96,490 8,684,370 121,395 27,900 1,015,412 53,279 (187,855)	56,035 - - - 1,149 187,855	152,525 8,684,370 121,395 27,900 1,015,412 54,428
		Transfers Total General	Revenues		9,810,991	245,039	10,056,030
		Change in Net Po	sition		3,949,527	409,771	4,359,298
		Net Position - Beg	ginning of Year		32,153,972	7,539,471	39,693,443
		NET POSITION -	END OF YEAR		\$ 36,103,499	\$ 7,949,242	\$ 44,052,741

TOWN OF PAGOSA SPRINGS BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	General	Capital Improvement Fund	Tourism Fund	Nonmajor Conservation Trust Fund	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 4,295,668	\$ 1,708,117	\$ 1,420,402	\$ 59,741	\$ 7,483,928
Receivables, Net of Allow ance	9,639	257,629	-	-	267,268
Tax Receivables	852,466	735,495	196,644	-	1,784,605
Interfund Advances Receivable - Sanitation and Geotherr	131,534	-	-	-	131,534
Total Assets	\$ 5,289,307	\$ 2,701,241	\$ 1,617,046	\$ 59,741	\$ 9,667,335
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable	\$ 50,359	\$ 39,945	\$ 12,762	\$-	\$ 103,066
Accrued Liabilities	93,149	23,917	5,374	-	122,440
Total Liabilities	143,508	63,862	18,136	-	225,506
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable Revenue	-	32,542	-	-	32,542
Property Taxes	107,596	55,269	-	-	162,865
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	107,596	87,811	-	-	195,407
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable					
Advance of Funds	131,534	-	-	-	131,534
Restricted for					
Emergency Reserve	348,891	-	-	-	348,891
Capital Outlay	-	2,549,568	-	-	2,549,568
Parks and Recreation	-	-	-	59,741	59,741
Tourism	-	-	1,598,910	-	1,598,910
Assigned for:					
Health Funds	164,419	-	-	-	164,419
Other Purposes	135,097	-	-	-	135,097
Unassigned	4,258,262	-	-	-	4,258,262
Total Fund Balances	5,038,203	2,549,568	1,598,910	59,741	9,246,422
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow s					
of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 5,289,307	\$ 2,701,241	\$ 1,617,046	\$ 59,741	\$ 9,667,335

TOWN OF PAGOSA SPRINGS RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because:

Total Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	ç	\$	9,246,422
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds.42,770,5Governmental Capital Assets42,770,5Accumulated Depreciation(11,212,0)		3	1,558,426
Long-term assets and related items are not related in the current year and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds.			107,742
Long-term liabilities and related items are not due and payable in the current year and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds. Lease Revenue Bond Interest Payable Compensated Absences(4,721,3) (19,4)	23)	(4,919,082)
Deferred inflows related to revenue not received within 60 days after the end of the year are considered unavailable and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds			32,542
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future reporting periods, and therefore, are not reported in governmental funds. Deferred Outflows 196,4			
Deferred Inflows (119,0-	46)		77,449
Total Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$3	6,103,499

TOWN OF PAGOSA SPRINGS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

REVENUES	General Fund	Capital Improvement Fund	Tourism Fund	Nonmajor Conservation Trust Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Taxes	\$ 4,506,467	\$ 4,423,688	\$ 1,015,412	\$-	\$ 9,945,567
Licenses and Permits	φ 4,300,407 262,650	φ 4,420,000	φ 1,010,412	Ψ -	262,650
Intergovernmental	151,620	580,334	523,353	85,165	1,340,472
Fines and Forfeitures	88,201	-		-	88,201
Charges for Services	283,935	61,576	1,013	-	346,524
Interest Income	52,764	-	-	515	53,279
Other Revenues	158,733	55,476			214,209
Total Revenues	5,504,370	5,121,074	1,539,778	85,680	12,250,902
EXPENDITURES Current General Government	1,855,481	15.803	-	-	1,871,284
Public Safety	1,138,577	14.344	-	-	1,152,921
Public Works/Streets	-	1,646,581	-	-	1,646,581
Parks and Recreation	549,348	455,506	-	32,463	1,037,317
Community Support	298,305	-	838,553	-	1,136,858
Capital Outlay	-	1,757,080	-	-	1,757,080
Debt Service					
Principal Retirement	-	366,844	-	-	366,844
Interest on Long-Term Debt	-	161,710	-	-	161,710
Total Expenditures	3,841,711	4,417,868	838,553	32,463	9,130,595
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1,662,659	703,206	701,225	53,217	3,120,307
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In		127,431			127,431
Transfers Out	- (248,286)	127,431	(25,000)	(42,000)	(315,286)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(248,286)	127,431	(25,000)	(42,000)	(187,855)
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,414,373	830,637	676,225	11,217	2,932,452
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	3,623,830	1,718,931	922,685	48,524	6,313,970
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 5,038,203	\$ 2,549,568	\$ 1,598,910	\$ 59,741	\$ 9,246,422

TOWN OF PAGOSA SPRINGS RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:

Net Change in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds		\$ 2,932,452
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period.		
Capital Outlay Depreciation Expense	1,979,337 (1,350,175)	629,162
Pension expense, which is the change in the net pension liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, is reported in the statement of activities.		589
Repayment and amortization of long-term debt principal and premium are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduced long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond Principal	272,000	
Bond Premium Capital Lease Principal	4,711 94,844	371,555
Accrued interest for long-term debt is not reported as an expenditure for the current period while it is recorded in the statement of activities.		2,285
Compensated absences expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(10,970)
Deferred inflows related to revenue not received within 60 days after the end of the year are considered unavailable and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds.		 24,454
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 3,949,527

TOWN OF PAGOSA SPRINGS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

ASSETS Current Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents \$ 1,140,223 \$ 174,613 \$ 1,314,836 Receivables (Net of Allowance) 141,743 5,636 147,379 Property Tax Receivable 141,743 5,636 147,379 Total Current Assets 1,327,785 180,249 1,508,034 Noncurrent Assets 16,376 - 16,376 Land 16,376 - 16,376 Machinery and Equipment 405,843 30,199 436,042 Construction in Progress 103,187 - 103,187 Accured Labilities 11,280,107 412,229 10,484,302 Total Noncurrent Assets 10,252,322 231,980 10,484,302 Total Assets 11,580,107 412,229 11,992,336 LIABILITIES 2 2 11,992,336 1,534 Current Liabilities 3,483 - 9,762 - 9,762 Interfund Advances Payable - General Fund 119,172 12,362 131,534 11,607 - 181,507	400570	Sanitation Fund	Nonmajor Geothermal Fund	Combined Total	
Cash and Cash Equivalents \$ 1,140,223 \$ 174,613 \$ 1,314,836 Receivables (Net of Allowance) 141,743 5,636 147,379 Property Tax Receivable 45,819 - 45,819 Total Current Assets 1,327,785 180,249 1,508,034 Noncurrent Assets 16,376 - 16,376 Land 12,594,436 1,182,419 13,776,855 Machinery and Equipment 405,843 30,199 436,042 Construction in Progress 103,187 - 103,187 Accumulated Depreciation (2,867,520) (980,638) (3,848,158) Total Noncurrent Assets 10,252,322 231,980 10,484,302 Total Assets 11,580,107 412,229 11,992,336 LIABILITIES 2 - 9,762 - Current Liabilities 3,483 - 3,483 Interst Payable 9,762 - 9,762 Loans Payable - Current 225,167 - 225,167 Compensated Absences - Current 5,43					
Receivables (Net of Allowance) 141,743 5,636 147,379 Property Tax Receivable 45,819 - 45,819 Total Current Assets 1,327,785 180,249 1,508,034 Noncurrent Assets 16,376 - 16,376 Improvements and System 12,594,436 1,182,419 13,776,855 Machinery and Equipment 405,843 30,199 436,042 Construction in Progress 103,187 - 103,187 Accumulated Depreciation (2,867,520) (980,638) (3,848,158) Total Noncurrent Assets 10,252,322 231,980 10,484,302 Total Assets 11,580,107 412,229 11,992,336 LIABILITIES Status 3,483 - 3,483 Current Liabilities 3,483 - 9,762 - 9,762 Interfund Advances Payable - General Fund 119,172 12,362 131,534 - 5,438 - 5,438 - 5,438 - 5,438 - 5,438 - 5,438		¢ 4 4 4 0 000	¢ 474.040	¢ 4.044.000	
Property Tax Receivable Total Current Assets 45.819 1,327,785 - 45.819 1,508,034 Noncurrent Assets 1,327,785 180,249 1,508,034 Land 16,376 - 16,376 Improvements and System 12,594,436 1,182,419 13,776,855 Machinery and Equipment 405,843 30,199 436,042 Construction in Progress 103,187 - 103,187 Accumulated Depreciation (2,867,520) (980,638) (3,848,158) Total Noncurrent Assets 11,580,107 412,229 11,992,336 LIABILITIES Current Liabilities 3,483 - 3,483 Accound Liabilities 3,483 - 3,483 Interest Payable 9,762 - 9,762 Interfund Advances Payable - General Fund 119,172 12,362 131,534 Unearned Revenue 181,507 - 181,507 Loans Payable - Current 5,438 - 5,438 Total Current Liabilities 3,411,185 - Loans Payable (Net of Cu					
Total Current Assets 1,327,785 180,249 1,508,034 Noncurrent Assets 16,376 - 16,376 Land 16,376 - 16,376 Improvements and System 12,594,436 1,182,419 13,776,855 Machinery and Equipment 405,843 30,199 436,042 Construction in Progress 103,187 - 103,187 Accumulated Depreciation (2,867,520) (980,638) (3,848,158) Total Assets 10,252,322 231,980 10,484,302 Total Assets 11,500,107 412,229 11,992,336 LIABILITIES Current Liabilities 3,483 - 3,483 Accounds Payable 27,479 1,720 29,199 Accrued Liabilities 3,483 - 3,483 Interfund Advances Payable - General Fund 119,172 12,362 131,534 Unearmed Revenue 181,507 - 181,507 Loans Payable (Net of Current 225,167 - 225,167 Total Noncurrent Liabilities			5,636		
Noncurrent Assets 16,376 - 16,376 Improvements and System 12,594,436 1,182,419 13,776,855 Machinery and Equipment 405,843 30,199 436,042 Construction in Progress 103,187 - 103,187 Accumulated Depreciation (2,867,520) (980,638) (3,848,158) Total Noncurrent Assets 10,252,322 231,980 10,484,302 Total Assets 11,580,107 412,229 11,992,336 LIABILITIES Current Liabilities 3,483 - 3,483 Accounds Payable 27,479 1,720 29,199 Accounds Payable 9,762 - 9,762 Interfund Advances Payable - General Fund 119,172 12,362 131,534 Unearned Revenue 181,507 - 181,507 - 181,507 - 181,507 - 181,507 - 181,507 - 181,507 - 181,507 - 181,507 - 181,507 - 181,507 - 181,507 - 181,507 <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td>			-		
Land 16,376 - 16,376 Improvements and System 12,594,436 1,182,419 13,776,855 Machinery and Equipment 405,843 30,199 436,042 Construction in Progress 103,187 - 103,187 Accumulated Depreciation (2,867,520) (980,638) (3,848,158) Total Noncurrent Assets 10,252,322 231,980 10,484,302 Total Assets 11,580,107 412,229 11,992,336 LIABILITIES Current Liabilities 3,483 - 3,483 Accounts Payable 9,762 - 9,762 Interest Payable 9,762 - 9,762 Interfund Advances Payable - General Fund 119,172 12,362 131,534 Unearned Revenue 181,507 - 181,507 Loans Payable - Current 225,167 - 225,167 Compensated Absences - Current 5,438 - - Noncurrent Liabilities 3,411,185 - - 3,411,185 Total Noncurrent Liabil		1,327,785	180,249	1,508,034	
Improvements and System 12,594,436 1,182,419 13,776,855 Machinery and Equipment 405,843 30,199 436,042 Construction in Progress 103,187 - 103,187 Accumulated Depreciation (2,867,520) (980,638) (3,848,158) Total Noncurrent Assets 10,252,322 231,980 10,484,302 Total Assets 11,580,107 412,229 11,992,336 LIABILITIES Current Liabilities 3,483 - 3,483 Accounts Payable 27,479 1,720 29,199 Accounts Payable 9,762 - 9,762 Interfund Advances Payable - General Fund 119,172 12,362 131,534 Unearned Revenue 181,507 - 181,507 Loans Payable - Current 225,167 - 225,167 Compensated Absences - Current 5,438 - 5,438 Total Current Liabilities 3,411,185 - 3,411,185 Loans Payable (Net of Current Portion) 3,411,185 - 3,411,185		40.070		40.070	
Machinery and Equipment Construction in Progress 405,843 30,199 436,042 Construction in Progress 103,187 - 103,187 Accumulated Depreciation (2,867,520) (980,638) (3,848,158) Total Noncurrent Assets 10,252,322 231,980 10,484,302 Total Assets 11,580,107 412,229 11,992,336 LIABILITIES Current Liabilities 3,483 - 3,483 Accounts Payable 27,479 1,720 29,199 Accrued Liabilities 3,483 - 3,483 Interst Payable 9,762 - 9,762 Interfund Advances Payable - General Fund 119,172 12,362 131,534 Unearned Revenue 181,507 - 181,507 Loans Payable - Current 225,167 - 225,167 Compensated Absences - Current 5438 - 5438 Total Current Liabilities 572,008 14,082 3,997,275 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 3,983,193 14,082 3,997,275			-		
Construction in Progress 103,187 - 103,187 Accumulated Depreciation (2,867,520) (980,638) (3,848,158) Total Noncurrent Assets 10,252,322 231,980 10,484,302 Total Assets 11,580,107 412,229 11,992,336 LIABILITIES Current Liabilities 3,483 - 3,483 Accounts Payable 27,479 1,720 29,199 Accounts Payable 3,483 - 3,483 Interest Payable 9,762 - 9,762 Interest Payable - Current 181,507 - 181,507 Loans Payable - Current 225,167 - 225,167 Compensated Absences - Current 5,438 - 5,438 Total Current Liabilities 572,008 14,082 586,090 Noncurrent Liabilities 3,411,185 - 3,411,185 Loans Payable (Net of Current Portion) 3,411,185 - 3,411,185 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 3,983,193 14,082 3,997,275 <th (n<="" cotspayable="" td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th>	<td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				
Accumulated Depreciation (2,867,520) (980,638) (3,848,158) Total Noncurrent Assets 10,252,322 231,980 10,484,302 Total Assets 11,580,107 412,229 11,992,336 LIABILITIES Current Liabilities 3,483 - 3,483 Accounts Payable 27,479 1,720 29,199 Accounts Payable 3,483 - 3,483 Interest Payable 9,762 - 9,762 Interfund Advances Payable - General Fund 119,172 12,362 131,534 Unearned Revenue 181,507 - 181,507 Loans Payable - Current 225,167 - 225,167 Compensated Absences - Current 5,438 - 5,438 Total Current Liabilities 572,008 14,082 586,090 Noncurrent Liabilities 3,411,185 - 3,411,185 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 3,983,193 14,082 3,997,275 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 3,983,193 - 45,819 Deferred Reven			30,199		
Total Noncurrent Assets 10,252,322 231,980 10,484,302 Total Assets 11,580,107 412,229 11,992,336 LIABILITIES Current Liabilities 422,479 1,720 29,199 Accoudts Payable 27,479 1,720 29,199 Accrued Liabilities 3,483 - 3,483 Interest Payable 9,762 - 9,762 Interfund Advances Payable - General Fund 119,172 12,362 131,534 Unearned Revenue 181,507 - 181,507 Loans Payable - Current 225,167 - 225,167 Compensated Absences - Current 5,438 - 5,438 Total Current Liabilities 572,008 14,082 586,090 Noncurrent Liabilities 3,411,185 - 3,411,185 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 3,983,193 14,082 3,997,275 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES - 45,819 - 45,819 Deferred Revenue - Property Taxes 45,819 - 45,819 45,819			-		
Total Assets 11,580,107 412,229 11,992,336 LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Accounts Payable Accrued Liabilities 27,479 1,720 29,199 Accounts Payable Accrued Liabilities 3,483 - 3,483 Interest Payable Interfund Advances Payable - General Fund 119,172 12,362 131,534 Unearned Revenue 181,507 - 181,507 Loans Payable - Current 225,167 - 225,167 Compensated Absences - Current 5,438 - 5,438 Total Current Liabilities 572,008 14,082 586,090 Noncurrent Liabilities 3,411,185 - 3,411,185 Loans Payable (Net of Current Portion) 3,411,185 - 3,411,185 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 3,983,193 14,082 3,997,275 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Revenue - Property Taxes Total Deferred Inflows 45,819 - 45,819 Net Investment in Capital Assets 6,610,532 231,980 6,842,512 Unrestricted 940,563 166,167 1,106,730 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Accounts Payable 27,479 1,720 29,199 Accrued Liabilities 3,483 - 3,483 Interest Payable 9,762 - 9,762 Interfund Advances Payable - General Fund 119,172 12,362 131,534 Unearned Revenue 181,507 - 181,507 Loans Payable - Current 225,167 - 225,167 Compensated Absences - Current 5,438 - 5,438 Total Current Liabilities 572,008 14,082 586,090 Noncurrent Liabilities 3,411,185 - 3,411,185 Loans Payable (Net of Current Portion) 3,411,185 - 3,411,185 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 3,983,193 14,082 3,997,275 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES - 45,819 - 45,819 Deferred Revenue - Property Taxes 45,819 - 45,819 Total Deferred Inflows 45,819 - 45,819 NET POSITION 940,563					
Current Liabilities 27,479 1,720 29,199 Accounts Payable 3,483 - 3,483 Interest Payable 9,762 - 9,762 Interfund Advances Payable - General Fund 119,172 12,362 131,534 Unearned Revenue 181,507 - 181,507 Loans Payable - Current 225,167 - 225,167 Compensated Absences - Current 5,438 - 5,438 Total Current Liabilities 572,008 14,082 586,090 Noncurrent Liabilities - 3,411,185 - 3,411,185 Total Current Liabilities - 3,411,185 - 3,411,185 Total Liabilities - 3,411,185 - 3,411,185 Total Liabilities - 3,983,193 14,082 3,997,275 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES - - 45,819 - 45,819 Total Deferred Inflows 45,819 - 45,819 - 45,819 NET POSITION - <t< td=""><td>Total Assets</td><td>11,580,107</td><td>412,229</td><td>11,992,330</td></t<>	Total Assets	11,580,107	412,229	11,992,330	
Accounts Payable 27,479 1,720 29,199 Accrued Liabilities 3,483 - 3,483 Interest Payable 9,762 - 9,762 Interfund Advances Payable - General Fund 119,172 12,362 131,534 Unearned Revenue 181,507 - 181,507 Loans Payable - Current 225,167 - 225,167 Compensated Absences - Current 5,438 - 5,438 Total Current Liabilities 572,008 14,082 586,090 Noncurrent Liabilities 3,411,185 - 3,411,185 Loans Payable (Net of Current Portion) 3,411,185 - 3,411,185 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 3,983,193 14,082 3,997,275 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 3,983,193 14,082 3,997,275 Deferred Revenue - Property Taxes 45,819 - 45,819 Total Deferred Inflows 45,819 - 45,819 Net Investment in Capital Assets 6,610,532 231,980 6,842,512 Unrestricte					
Accrued Liabilities 3,483 - 3,483 Interest Payable 9,762 - 9,762 Interfund Advances Payable - General Fund 119,172 12,362 131,534 Unearned Revenue 181,507 - 181,507 Loans Payable - Current 225,167 - 225,167 Compensated Absences - Current 5,438 - 5,438 Total Current Liabilities 572,008 14,082 586,090 Noncurrent Liabilities 3,411,185 - 3,411,185 Loans Payable (Net of Current Portion) 3,411,185 - 3,411,185 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 3,983,193 14,082 3,997,275 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 3,983,193 14,082 3,997,275 Deferred Revenue - Property Taxes 45,819 - 45,819 Total Deferred Inflows 45,819 - 45,819 NET POSITION - 45,819 - 45,819 Net Investment in Capital Assets 6,610,532 231,980 6,842,512	-	27 470	1 700	20,100	
Interest Payable 9,762 - 9,762 Interfund Advances Payable - General Fund 119,172 12,362 131,534 Unearned Revenue 181,507 - 181,507 Loans Payable - Current 225,167 - 225,167 Compensated Absences - Current 5,438 - 5,438 Total Current Liabilities 572,008 14,082 586,090 Noncurrent Liabilities 572,008 14,082 586,090 Noncurrent Liabilities 3,411,185 - 3,411,185 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 3,411,185 - 3,411,185 Total Liabilities 3,983,193 14,082 3,997,275 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 3,983,193 14,082 3,997,275 Deferred Revenue - Property Taxes 45,819 - 45,819 Total Deferred Inflows 45,819 - 45,819 Net Investment in Capital Assets 6,610,532 231,980 6,842,512 Unrestricted 940,563 166,167 1,106,730		,	1,720		
Interfund Advances Payable - General Fund 119,172 12,362 131,534 Unearned Revenue 181,507 - 181,507 Loans Payable - Current 225,167 - 225,167 Compensated Absences - Current 5,438 - 5,438 Total Current Liabilities 572,008 14,082 586,090 Noncurrent Liabilities 3,411,185 - 3,411,185 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 3,411,185 - 3,411,185 Total Liabilities 3,983,193 14,082 3,997,275 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 3,983,193 14,082 3,997,275 DEFerred Revenue - Property Taxes 45,819 - 45,819 Total Deferred Inflows 45,819 - 45,819 NET POSITION 45,819 - 45,819 - Net Investment in Capital Assets 6,610,532 231,980 6,842,512 Unrestricted 940,563 166,167 1,106,730			-		
Unearned Revenue 181,507 - 181,507 Loans Payable - Current 225,167 - 225,167 Compensated Absences - Current 5,438 - 5,438 Total Current Liabilities 572,008 14,082 586,090 Noncurrent Liabilities 572,008 14,082 586,090 Noncurrent Liabilities 3,411,185 - 3,411,185 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 3,411,185 - 3,411,185 Total Liabilities 3,983,193 14,082 3,997,275 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 3,983,193 14,082 3,997,275 Deferred Revenue - Property Taxes 45,819 - 45,819 Total Deferred Inflows 45,819 - 45,819 NET POSITION 6,610,532 231,980 6,842,512 Unrestricted 940,563 166,167 1,106,730			10.060		
Loans Payable - Current 225,167 - 225,167 Compensated Absences - Current 5,438 - 5,438 Total Current Liabilities 572,008 14,082 586,090 Noncurrent Liabilities 3,411,185 - 3,411,185 Loans Payable (Net of Current Portion) 3,411,185 - 3,411,185 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 3,411,185 - 3,411,185 Total Liabilities 3,983,193 14,082 3,997,275 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 3,983,193 14,082 3,997,275 Deferred Revenue - Property Taxes 45,819 - 45,819 Total Deferred Inflows 45,819 - 45,819 NET POSITION 6,610,532 231,980 6,842,512 Unrestricted 940,563 166,167 1,106,730		,	12,302		
Compensated Absences - Current Total Current Liabilities 5,438 - 5,438 Total Current Liabilities 572,008 14,082 586,090 Noncurrent Liabilities 3,411,185 - 3,411,185 Loans Payable (Net of Current Portion) 3,411,185 - 3,411,185 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 3,411,185 - 3,411,185 Total Liabilities 3,983,193 14,082 3,997,275 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES - 45,819 - 45,819 Total Deferred Inflows 45,819 - 45,819 - 45,819 NET POSITION 6,610,532 231,980 6,842,512 1,106,730	• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-		
Total Current Liabilities 572,008 14,082 586,090 Noncurrent Liabilities		•	-	•	
Noncurrent Liabilities 3,411,185 - 3,411,185 Loans Payable (Net of Current Portion) 3,411,185 - 3,411,185 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 3,411,185 - 3,411,185 Total Liabilities 3,983,193 14,082 3,997,275 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES - 45,819 - 45,819 Total Deferred Inflows 45,819 - 45,819 - NET POSITION 6,610,532 231,980 6,842,512 1,106,730 Net Investment in Capital Assets 6,610,532 231,980 6,842,512 1,106,730	•		14.082		
Loans Payable (Net of Current Portion) 3,411,185 - 3,411,185 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 3,411,185 - 3,411,185 Total Liabilities 3,983,193 14,082 3,997,275 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES - 45,819 - 45,819 Total Deferred Revenue - Property Taxes 45,819 - 45,819 Total Deferred Inflows 45,819 - 45,819 NET POSITION 6,610,532 231,980 6,842,512 Unrestricted 940,563 166,167 1,106,730		572,000	14,002	560,090	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities 3,411,185 - 3,411,185 Total Liabilities 3,983,193 14,082 3,997,275 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 45,819 - 45,819 Total Deferred Revenue - Property Taxes 45,819 - 45,819 NET POSITION 45,819 - 45,819 Net Investment in Capital Assets 6,610,532 231,980 6,842,512 Unrestricted 940,563 166,167 1,106,730		3 /11 195		2 /11 195	
Total Liabilities 3,983,193 14,082 3,997,275 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 45,819 - 45,819 Deferred Revenue - Property Taxes 45,819 - 45,819 Total Deferred Inflows 45,819 - 45,819 NET POSITION 6,610,532 231,980 6,842,512 Unrestricted 940,563 166,167 1,106,730					
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 45,819 - 45,819 Deferred Revenue - Property Taxes 45,819 - 45,819 Total Deferred Inflows 45,819 - 45,819 NET POSITION 6,610,532 231,980 6,842,512 Unrestricted 940,563 166,167 1,106,730			1/ 082		
Deferred Revenue - Property Taxes 45,819 - 45,819 Total Deferred Inflows 45,819 - 45,819 NET POSITION 6,610,532 231,980 6,842,512 Unrestricted 940,563 166,167 1,106,730	Total Elabilities	5,905,195	14,002	5,551,215	
Total Deferred Inflows 45,819 - 45,819 NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets 6,610,532 231,980 6,842,512 Unrestricted 940,563 166,167 1,106,730					
NET POSITION 6,610,532 231,980 6,842,512 Unrestricted 940,563 166,167 1,106,730	1 2				
Net Investment in Capital Assets 6,610,532 231,980 6,842,512 Unrestricted 940,563 166,167 1,106,730	Total Deferred Inflows	45,819	-	45,819	
Unrestricted 940,563 166,167 1,106,730	NET POSITION				
	Net Investment in Capital Assets	6,610,532	231,980	6,842,512	
Total Net Position \$ 7,551,095 \$ 398,147 \$ 7,949,242	Unrestricted	940,563	166,167	1,106,730	
	Total Net Position	\$ 7,551,095	\$ 398,147	\$ 7,949,242	

TOWN OF PAGOSA SPRINGS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Sanitation Fund		Nonmajor Geothermal Fund		Combined Total	
OPERATING REVENUES						
Charges for Services	\$	871,249	\$	43,427	\$	914,676
Other		14,063		-		14,063
Total Operating Revenues		885,312		43,427		928,739
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Salaries and Wages		126,647		-		126,647
Operating System		343,221		29,672		372,893
Administrative		44,931		1,000		45,931
Professional Fees		32,339		5,000		37,339
Depreciation		293,767		28,232		321,999
Total Operating Expenses		840,905		63,904		904,809
Operating Income (Loss)		44,407		(20,477)		23,930
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Interest Income		1,149		-		1,149
Interest Expense and Fiscal Charges		(71,401)		(1,012)		(72,413)
Property and Specific Ownership Tax		56,035		-		56,035
Grant Revenue		67,743		80,525		148,268
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		53,526		79,513		133,039
Income Before Contributions		97,933		59,036		156,969
TRANSFERS AND CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS						
Transfers In		168,896		18,959		187,855
Capital Contributions		64,947		-		64,947
Total Transfers and Capital Contributions		233,843		18,959		252,802
Change in Net Position		331,776		77,995		409,771
Net Position - Beginning of Year		7,219,319		320,152		7,539,471
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	7,551,095	\$	398,147	\$	7,949,242

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

TOWN OF PAGOSA SPRINGS STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	 Sanitation Fund	onmajor eothermal Fund	(Combined Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash Received from Customers, Service Fees Cash Paid to Suppliers	\$ 895,312 (410,688)	\$ 43,957	\$	939,269 (410,688)
Cash Paid to Employees	 (130,197)	 (35,676)		(165,873)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	354,427	8,281		362,708
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL ACTIVITIES				
Grants Received	249,250	80,525		329,775
Property and Specific Ownership Taxes	56,035			56,035
Transfers From (To) Other Funds	168,896	18,959		187,855
Advanced Funds	119,172	12,362		131,534
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Activities	 593,353	 111,846		705,199
	000,000	,0.10		100,100
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Acquisition of Capital Assets	(145,920)	-		(145,920)
Connection and Tap Fees	64,947	-		64,947
Principal Paid on Long-Term Debt	(410,864)	(18,787)		(429,651)
Interest Paid	 (72,708)	 (1,012)		(73,720)
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(564,545)	(19,799)		(584,344)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Interest on Investments	1,149	_		1,149
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	 1,149	 		1,149
Net Cash i Tovided by investing Activities	 1,143			1,143
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	384,384	100,328		484,712
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	 755,839	74,285		830,124
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$ 1,140,223	\$ 174,613	\$	1,314,836
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 44,407	\$ (20,477)	\$	23,930
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating				
Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided				
by Operating Activities:				
Depreciation	293,767	28,232		321,999
Changes in Asset and Liabilities				
Receivables	10,000	530		10,530
Payables	9,803	(4)		9,799
Accrued Liabilities	 (3,550)	 		(3,550)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 354,427	\$ 8,281	\$	362,708

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Description of Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support. Likewise, when applicable, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

Reporting Entity

The Town of Pagosa Springs (the Town) is a home-rule municipality with a Mayor – Council form of government with six elected Council members. The financial reporting entity consists of the Town, organizations for which the Town is financially accountable, and organizations that raise and hold economic resources for the direct benefit of the Town. All funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments, and offices that are not legally separate are part of the Town. Legally separate organizations for which the Town is financially accountable are considered part of the reporting entity. Financial accountability exists if the Town appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and is able to impose its will on the organization, or if there is a potential for the organization to provide benefits to, or impose financial burdens on, the Town

Based on the application of these criteria, the Town includes the Pagosa Springs Sanitation General Improvement District in its reporting entity. The Sanitation fund accounts for the activities related to the Town's sanitation treatment and distribution operations. The Geothermal fund is used to account for the Town's geothermal services. The members of the Town's Board of Trustees also serve as the governing boards for all the entities and management of the Town has operational responsibility for the entities. Therefore, the financial activity for these entities is blended into the Town's financial statements.

Basis of Presentation – Government-Wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the government's enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Basis of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the government's funds. Separate statements for each fund category—governmental and proprietary—are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except for those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Capital Improvement Fund accounts for maintenance, acquisition, or construction of major capital facilities (other than those belonging to enterprise funds).

The Tourism Fund accounts for the tax collected from lodging establishments to be used for community support services.

The Town reports the following major enterprise fund:

The Sanitation Fund accounts for the activities related to the Town's sanitation treatment and distribution operations.

During the course of operations, the government has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities (i.e., the business-type activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, other taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The proprietary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

Deposits and Investments

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash-on-hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition for purposes of this note and the statement of cash flows.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

Receivables and Payables

All trade accounts receivable in the enterprise funds are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. Due to the nature of the accounts receivable in governmental type activities, management does not consider an allowance for uncollectible accounts receivable necessary or material. Therefore, no allowance for uncollectible accounts receivable is presented.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include; property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activity columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Town as assets with an individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life of more than two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Property, plant and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and Improvements	15 to 50 Years
Utility Plant and Improvement	50 Years
Machinery, Equipment, and Vehicles	5 to 20 Years
Infrastructure	20 to 50 Years

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. The government has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. This item is pension related items reported on the government-wide financial statements. See Note 8 for more information.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has two types of items, which qualify for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, deferred revenue – property taxes, is reported in both the governmental funds balance sheet and the statement of net position. The second item is pension related items reported on the government-wide financial statements. See Note 8 for more information.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The government itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. The Town Council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Town Manager is authorized to assign amounts to a specific purpose in accordance with the Town's budget policy. The council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Balance Policies (Continued)

The Town Council has a formal fund reserve policy. This policy is adopted through resolutions each year for the purpose of maintaining a satisfactory level of unappropriated fund balance reserves to insure a continued strong financial position with the Town and to conform to the requirements of the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR). For this financial report, the amount of the Council reserves that pertains to TABOR has been separated from the total and is considered Restricted as per the definition above. The remaining amount does not meet the GASB statement No. 54 requirements of a stabilization agreement. Instead, it is considered to be a minimum fund balance policy. Per GASB Statement No. 54, these amounts are required to be reported as part of unassigned fund balance in the General Fund and Assigned fund Balance in any other funds. The amount approved by the Council policy, excluding the TABOR portion, and included in fund balance are as follows:

General Fund \$1,293,568

Revenue and Expenditures/Expenses

Program Revenues

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Property Taxes

Property tax revenues are recognized as revenues in the year collected or if collected within 60 days thereafter unless they are prepaid. Property taxes levied in the current year and not collected within 60 days of year-end are not deemed available to pay current liabilities and therefore the receivable is recorded as a deferred inflow in the governmental funds. Property taxes for the current year are levied by the Town and attach as a lien on property the following January 1. They are payable in full by April 30 or in two equal installments due February 28 and June 15. The Town also levies various personal property taxes during the year.

Compensated Absences

For governmental funds, amounts of vested or accumulated vacation and sick leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statement of net position and as expenses in the government-wide statement of activities. No expenditures are reported for these amounts in the fund financial statements. Vested or accumulated vacation and sick leave in the proprietary fund are recorded as an expense and a liability of that fund as the benefits accrue to the employees and are thus recorded in both the government-wide financial statements and the individual fund financial statements.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Proprietary Funds Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between total governmental fund balances and net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. These differences primarily result from the long-term economic focus of the statement of net position versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental fund balance sheets. The details of these differences are reported in the reconciliation.

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances-total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. These differences are the result of converting from the current resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis for governmental fund statements to the economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis used for government-wide statements. The details of these differences are reported in the reconciliation.

NOTE 3 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Stewardship, compliance, and accountability are key concepts in defining the responsibilities of the Town. The use of budgets and monitoring of equity status facilitate the Town's compliance with legal requirements.

NOTE 3 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (CONTINUED)

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Town Council adheres to the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- In accordance with State statutes, prior to October 15, the Town Manager submits to the Town Council a proposed operating budget for the calendar year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them for the upcoming year, along with estimates for the current year and actual data for the two preceding years. The State statutes require more detailed line item budgets be submitted in summary form. In addition, more detailed line item budgets are included for administration control. The level of control for the detailed budgets is at the department level.
- Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comment.
- Prior to December 31, the budget is legally adopted through passage of a resolution.
- The Town Clerk is required to present a quarterly report to the Town Council explaining any variance from the approved budget.
- Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds of the Town.
- Appropriations lapse at the end of each calendar year.
- The Town Council may authorize supplemental appropriations during the year.

Budget amounts included in the financial statements report both the original and final amended budget. There were revisions made to the original budget during the year.

Budgets for governmental funds are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, except for long-term receivables and advances and capital lease financing which are budgeted when liquidated rather than when the receivable/liability is incurred. Budgets for enterprise funds are adopted on a basis consistent with the spending measurement focus of the governmental funds.

Expenditures Over Appropriations

Per C.R.S. 29-1-108(2), appropriations are made by fund or spending agency (e.g. department) within a fund at the discretion of the Town Council. The Council by Resolution has made appropriations at the fund level and thus, expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level. The individual schedules of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances – budget to actual reports as listed in the table of contents report those funds that exceeded approved budget appropriations. There were no individual funds that exceeded approved budget appropriations for the year ended December 31, 2021.

NOTE 3 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (CONTINUED)

Tax, Spending and Debt Limitations

Colorado voters passed an amendment to the State Constitution, Article X, Section 20, which has several limitations, including revenue raising, spending abilities, and other specific requirements of state and local governments, excluding "enterprises."

The Amendment requires that an emergency reserve be maintained at 3% of fiscal year spending (excluding bonded debt service). A portion of the General Fund's fund balance is classified as restricted for emergencies as required by the Amendment. The Town is not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The Amendment is complex and subject to judicial interpretation. The Town believes it is in compliance with the requirements of the Amendment. However, the entity has made certain interpretations in the Amendment's language in order to determine its compliance.

NOTE 4 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

A summary of cash and investments at December 31, 2021 as follows:

Cash on Hand	\$ 200
Cash in Bank	8,798,358
COLOTrust	 206
Total	\$ 8,798,764

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk

For deposits this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposit may not be returned to it. The Town does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk; however, the Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories; eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. The PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The fair value of the collateral must be at least equal to the aggregate uninsured deposits. Collateral in the pool is considered to be equal to depository insurance pursuant to definitions listed in GASB Statement No. 40. As of December 31, 2021, the bank balance of the Town's deposits were insured by federal depository insurance or collateralized by the PDPA as noted above.

NOTE 4 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local government entities may invest. Authorized investments include obligations of the United States and certain U.S. government agency securities; certain international agency securities; general obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities; bankers' acceptances of certain banks; commercial paper; local government investment pools; written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities; certain money market funds; and, guaranteed investment contracts. The Town's investment policy follows Colorado statutes.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Town's policy for managing its exposure to fair value loss arising from increasing interest rates is to comply with the provisions of the PDPA, which requires that the Town's investment portfolio maturities do not exceed five years from the time of purchase.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Town's policy for reducing its exposure to credit risk is to comply with the provisions of the PDPA, which limits investment in commercial paper and corporate bonds to the top ratings issued by at least two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations such as Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services.

Fair Value Measurements

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 72 (GASB 72) *Fair Value Measurement and Application* establishes a hierarchy of inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value and requires disclosures to be made about investment fair value measurements, the level of fair value hierarch, and valuation techniques. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

As of December 31, 2021, the Town had invested \$206 in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust, which is an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The Colorado State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing COLOTRUST. COLOTRUST operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. As of December 31, 2021, the investments in COLOTRUST were valued at net asset value. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily and there is no redemption notice period.

NOTE 5 CAPITAL ASSETS

The following table summarizes the changes to capital assets for governmental activities during the year.

	Balance at December 31, 2020	Additions Deletions		Transfers	Balance at December 31, 2021	
Governmental Activities						
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated						
Land	\$ 2,736,550	\$ 412,500	\$-	\$-	\$ 3,149,050	
Construction in Progress	5,223,053	1,224,931	-	(6,119,436)	328,548	
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	7,959,603	1,637,431		(6,119,436)	3,477,598	
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated						
Buildings and Improvements	10,571,776	52,200	-	893,502	11,517,478	
Equipment and Vehicles	2,646,570	193,631	(76,834)	-	2,763,367	
Infrastructure	19,690,056	96,075	-	5,225,934	25,012,065	
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	32,908,402	341,906	(76,834)	6,119,436	39,292,910	
Less Accumulated Depreciation						
Buildings and Improvements	(3,025,102)	(343,147)	-	-	(3,368,249)	
Equipment and Vehicles	(1,579,885)	(216,763)	76,834	-	(1,719,814)	
Infrastructure	(5,333,754)	(790,265)	-	-	(6,124,019)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(9,938,741)	(1,350,175)	76,834	-	(11,212,082)	
Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	22,969,661	(1,008,269)		6,119,436	28,080,828	
Total Governmental Activities Capital Assets	\$ 30,929,264	\$ 629,162	\$-	\$-	\$ 31,558,426	

Depreciation expense was charged to the functions/programs of the Town as follows:

\$ 83,332
36,552
908,960
313,587
 7,744
\$ 1,350,175
\$ \$

NOTE 5 CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

The following table summarizes the changes to capital assets for business-type activities during the year.

	Balance at December 31, 2020	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Balance at December 31, 2021	
Business-Type Activities						
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated						
Land	\$ 16,376	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 16,376	
Construction In Progress	37,792	65,395	-		103,187	
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	54,168	65,395	-	-	119,563	
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated						
Buildings and Improvements	1,182,419	-	-	-	1,182,419	
Improvements and Systems	12,513,911	80,525	-	-	12,594,436	
Equipment and Vehicles	436,042	-	-	-	436,042	
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	14,132,372	80,525	-	-	14,212,897	
Less Accumulated Depreciation						
Buildings and Improvements	(945,935)	(23,648)	-	-	(969,583)	
Improvements and Systems	(2,407,101)	(250,547)	-	-	(2,657,648)	
Equipment and Vehicles	(173,123)	(47,804)	-	-	(220,927)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(3,526,159)	(321,999)	-	-	(3,848,158)	
Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	10,606,213	(241,474)			10,364,739	
Total Business-Type Activities Capital Assets	\$ 10,660,381	\$ (176,079)	\$-	\$ -	\$ 10,484,302	

Depreciation expense was charged to the functions/programs of the Town as follows:

Business-Type Activities	
Sanitation	\$ 293,767
Geothermal	28,232
Total Depreciation by Function	\$ 321,999

NOTE 6 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2021:

	Balance at December 31, 2020	Additions	Deletions	Balance at December 31, 2021	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities					
Lease Revenue Bond Direct					
Borrowings	\$ 4,918,000	\$-	\$ (272,000)	\$ 4,646,000	\$ 281,000
Bond Premium	80,090	-	(4,711)	75,379	4,711
Capital Leases Payable	94,844	-	(94,844)	-	-
Compensated Absences	167,310	218,329	(207,359)	178,280	178,280
Total	\$ 5,260,244	\$ 218,329	\$ (578,914)	\$ 4,899,659	\$ 463,991
	Balance at			Balance at	
	December 31,			December 31,	Due Within
	2020	Additions	Deletions	2021	One Year
Business-Type Activities					
Direct Borrowings					
Water Pollution Control Fund Note	\$ 1,517,908	\$-	\$ (97,782)	\$ 1,420,126	\$ 98,762
Note Payable to PAWSD	2,339,922	-	(123,696)	2,216,226	126,405
Capital Leases Payable	208,173	-	(208,173)	-	-
Compensated Absences	8,900	9,037	(12,499)	5,438	5,438
Total	\$ 4,074,903	\$ 9,037	\$ (442,150)	\$ 3,641,790	\$ 230,605

For governmental activities, compensated absences and net pension liabilities are generally liquidated through the General Fund.

The Town's 2016 and 2019 lease revenue bonds from direct borrowings related to governmental activities are secured with collateral of land and buildings and improvements on the land. In the event of default, the collateral can be sold or leased or other legal actions taken by the lender for collection.

The Town's outstanding notes from direct borrowings related to business-type activities are secured with collateral of sanitation pipeline projects. In the event of default the lender can take possession of the collateral or take other legal actions to obtain payment. The Town would also be responsible for attorney fees.

NOTE 6 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Long-term liabilities for the primary government at December 31, 2021 are comprised of the following:

BONDS PAYABLE

Governmental Activities

Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2016, due in annual principal and semi-annual interest installments ranging from \$176,800 to \$195,563, bearing interest at 3.0% to 4.0%, maturing November 1, 2017 Town Hall is pledged as collateral. The net book value of the assets acquired to date are \$603,389.	\$ 2,160,000
Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2019, due in annual principal and semi-annual interest installments ranging from \$248,878 to \$247,917, bearing interest at 2.87%, maturing December 1, 2033. Town Shop is pledged as collateral. The net book	
value of the assets acquired to date are \$5,225,934.	 2,486,000
Total Bonds Payable	\$ 4,646,000
NOTES PAYABLE	
Business-Type Activities	
Note payable to Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund in the original amount of \$2,000,000. Due in 40 semi-annual payments of \$9,215 for the first payment and then 39 payments of \$56,359, including interest at 1% maturing May 1, 2035.	\$ 1,420,126
Loan payable to Pagosa Area Water and Sanitation District (PAWSD) in the original amount of up to \$2,835,000. Due in 20 annual payments of \$174,940, including interest at 2.19%, maturing November 30, 2036.	2,216,226
Total Notes Payable	\$ 3,636,352

NOTE 6 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	Direct Bo Governmen		•	Direct Borrowings Business-Type Activities						
Year Ending December 31,	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest			
2022	\$ 281,000	\$	152,911	\$	225,167	\$	62,490			
2023	287,000		144,710		228,925		58,732			
2024	297,000		136,336		232,754		54,903			
2025	307,000		126,569		236,655		51,002			
2026	318,000		116,459		240,630		47,028			
2027-2031	1,726,000		430,811		1,265,438		188,618			
2032-2036	1,260,000		150,549		1,206,783		80,002			
2037	170,000		6,800		-		-			
Total	\$ 4,646,000	\$	1,265,144	\$	3,636,352	\$	542,776			

NOTE 7 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN

State Fire and Police Pension Plan (FPPA)

The Town contributes to the Statewide Defined Benefit Plan, a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Colorado Fire and Police Pension Association (FPPA). The Statewide Defined Benefit Plan (SWDB) provides retirement benefits for members and beneficiaries. Death and disability coverage is provided for members hired prior to January 1, 1997 through the Statewide Death and Disability Plan, which is also administered by the FPPA. This is a noncontributory plan. All full-time, paid (firefighters/police officers) of the Town are members of the Statewide Defined Benefit Plan and the Statewide Death and Disability Plan. Local revenue sources are responsible for funding of the Death and Disability benefits for firefighters hired on or after January 1, 1997.

Colorado statutes assign the authority to establish benefit provisions to the state legislature. FPPA issues a publicly available annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for both the Statewide Defined Benefit Plan and the Statewide Death and Disability Plan. FPPA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that can be obtained on FPPA's website at <u>http://www.fppaco.org</u>.

Description of Benefits

A member is eligible for a normal retirement pension once the member has completed 25 years of credited service and has attained the age of 55. Effective January 1, 2021, a member may also qualify for a normal retirement pension if the member's combined years of service and age equals at least 80, with a minimum age of 50 (Rule of 80).

NOTE 7 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

State Fire and Police Pension Plan (FPPA) (Continued)

Description of Benefits (Continued)

The annual normal retirement benefit is 2% of the average of the member's highest three years' base salary for each year of credited service up to 10 years, plus 2.5% for each year of service thereafter. The benefit earned prior to January 1, 2007 for members of affiliated Social Security employers will be reduced by the amount of Social Security income payable to the member annually. Effective January 1, 2007, members currently covered under Social Security will receive half the benefit when compared to the Statewide Defined Benefit Plan. be Benefits paid to retired members are evaluated and mav re-determined every October 1. The amount of any increase is based on the Board's discretion and can range from -0- to the higher of 3% or the Consumer Price Index or the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W).

A member is eligible for an early retirement at age 50 with at least five years of credited service or after 30 years of service. The early retirement benefit equals the normal retirement benefit reduced on an actuarially equivalent basis. Upon termination, an employee may elect to have member contributions, along with 5% as interest, returned as a lump-sum distribution. Alternatively, a member with at least five years of accredited service may leave contributions with the Plan and remain eligible for a retirement pension at age 55 equal to 2% of the member's average highest three years' base salary for each year of credited service up to 10 years, plus 2.5% for each year of service thereafter.

Contributions

The Plan sets contribution rates at a level that enables all benefits to be fully funded at the retirement date of all members. Contribution rates for the SWDB plan are set by state statute. Employer contribution rates can only be amended by state statute. Member contribution rates can be amended by state statute or election of the membership. Effective January 1, 2021, contribution rates for employers and members may be increased equally by the FPPA Board of Directors upon approval through an election by both the employers and members.

Members of the SWDB plan and their employers are contributing at the rate of 11.5% and 8.5%, respectively, of base salary for a total contribution rate of 20.0% in 2021. In 2014, the members elected to increase the member contribution rate to the SWDB plan beginning in 2015. Member contribution rates will increase 0.5% annually through 2022 to a total of 12% of pensionable earnings. Employer contributions will increase 0.5% annually beginning in 2021 through 2030 to a total of 13% of pensionable earnings. Contributions to the SWDB plan from the Town were \$33,498 for the year ended December 31, 2021.

NOTE 7 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

State Fire and Police Pension Plan (FPPA) (Continued)

Pension Asset, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2021, the Town reported an asset of \$107,742 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the total pension asset used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Town's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the Town's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. At December 31, 2020, the Town's proportion was 0.04963%, which was an increase of 0.00068% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2019.

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the Town recognized pension expense of \$32,909. At December 31, 2021, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 red Outflows Resources	 rred Inflows Resources
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 91,375	\$ 429
Changes of Assumptions or other Inputs	45,824	-
Net Difference between Projected and Actual		
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	-	110,666
Changes in Proportion and Differences between		
Contributions Recognized and Proportionate Share		
Share of Contributions	25,798	7,951
Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date	 33,498	 -
Total	\$ 196,495	\$ 119,046

\$33,498 in total reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from Town contributions subsequent to measurement date will be recognized as an addition to the net pension asset in the year ended December 31, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Amount
2022	\$ (8,913)
2023	5,441
2024	(13,178)
2025	5,220
2026	22,245
Thereafter	33,136

NOTE 7 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

State Fire and Police Pension Plan (FPPA) (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	Total Pension Liability	Actuarial Determined Contributions
Actuarial Valuation Date	January 1, 2021	January 1, 2020
Actuarial Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	N/A	Level % of Payroll, Open
Amortization Period	N/A	30 Years
Long-Term Investment Rate of Return*	7.0%	7.0%
Projected Salary Increases*	4.25 - 11.25%	4.25 - 11.25%
Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA)	0.0%	0.0%
*Includes Inflation at	2.5%	2.5%

For determining the total pension liability and actuarially determined contributions, the postretirement mortality tables for nondisabled retirees uses the 2006 central rates from the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Tables projected to 2018 using the MP-2017 projection scales, and the projected prospectively using the ultimate rates of the scale for all years. The preretirement off-duty mortality tables are adjusted to 50% of the RP-2014 mortality tables for active employees. The on-duty mortality rate is 0.00015.

At least every five years the FPPA's Board of Directors, in accordance with best practices, reviews its economic and demographic actuarial assumptions. At its July 2018 meeting, the Board of Directors reviewed and approved recommended changes to the actuarial assumptions. The recommendations were made by the FPPA's actuaries, Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Co., based upon their analysis of past experience and expectations of the future. The assumption changes were effective for actuarial valuations beginning January 1, 2019. The actuarial assumptions impact actuarial factors for benefit purposes such as purchases of service credit and other benefits where actuarial factors are used.

NOTE 7 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

State Fire and Police Pension Plan (FPPA) (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation (assumed at 2.5%). Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Global Equity	39.00 %	8.23 %
Equity Long/Short	8.00	6.87
Private Markets	26.00	10.63
Fixed Income - Rates	10.00	4.01
Fixed Income - Credit	5.00	5.25
Absolute Return	10.00	5.60
Cash	2.00	2.32
Total	100.00	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the FPPA Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rates under Colorado statutes. Based on those assumptions, the SWDB plan fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all the projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

<u>Sensitivity of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to</u> <u>Changes in the Discount Rate</u>

The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

				Current		
	1%	Decrease	Dis	count Rate	1%	Increase
	(6.00%)		(7.00%)	(8.00%)	
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	108,425	\$	(107,742)	\$	(286,754)

NOTE 7 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

State Fire and Police Pension Plan (FPPA) (Continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the SWDB's fiduciary net position is available in FPPA's comprehensive annual financial report, which can be obtained at <u>http://www.fppaco.org</u>.

Changes Between the Measurement Date of the Net Pension Asset and December 31, 2020

During 2020, legislation was passed effective January 1, 2021 that amended the Statewide Defined Benefit Plan. The stabilization reserve accounts (SRA) of the Defined Benefit System became self-directed accounts with assets of \$123.6 million transferred to the FPPA Members' Self-Directed Investment Fund after the January 1, 2021 actuarial valuation date. This transfer does not impact the net pension asset of the plan as the transfer of assets will reduce both the total pension liability and the plan fiduciary net position.

NOTE 8 PENSION PLAN

The Town has adopted a 401(a)-money purchase pension plan for its employees. Full-time, permanent employees are eligible to participate in the Plan. The Board of Trustees is authorized to amend the Plan provisions, and determines the contributions made by the Town, currently 5% of eligible salaries. Contributions are made by the Town directly to each eligible employee's retirement account, and vest 20% immediately and at a rate of 20% annually thereafter. No voluntary contributions are allowed. Each employee selects their investments, and no Plan administration is performed by the Town other than transmitting contributions to the identified employee accounts. The Colorado Retirement Association provides administration for the Plan and assists employees with their self-directed investments.

During the year ended December 31, 2021, the Town's pension expense was \$138,536 to the Plan, equal to the required contributions. This amount was offset by forfeitures in the amount of \$14,835.

NOTE 9 RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. Claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the last three fiscal years.

The Town is a member of the Colorado Intergovernmental Risk Sharing Agency (CIRSA), a separate and independent governmental and legal entity formed by an intergovernmental agreement by member municipalities pursuant to the provision of 24-10-1155, Colorado Revised Statutes (1982 Replacement Volume) and the Colorado Constitution, Article XIV, Section 18(2).

NOTE 9 RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

The purposes of CIRSA is to provide members defined liability and property coverage's and to assist members to prevent and reduce losses and injuries to municipal property and to persons or property which might result in claims being made against members of CIRSA, their employees or officers.

It is the intent of the members of CIRSA to create an entity in perpetuity which will administer and use funds contributed by the members to defend and indemnify, in accordance with the bylaws, any member of CIRSA against liability or loss, to the limit of the financial resources of CIRSA. It is also the intent of the members to have CIRSA provide continuing stability and availability of needed coverage's at reasonable costs. All income and assets of CIRSA shall at all times be dedicated to the exclusive benefit of its members.

The Town recognizes an expense for coverage for the amount paid to CIRSA annually for these coverages. Contingent liability claims for the coverage have not been recognized to date after reviewing claim history and the remoteness of potential loss in excess of actual contributions by the Town.

CIRSA is a separate legal entity and the Town does not approve budgets nor does it have the ability to significantly affect the operations of CIRSA. The Board of Directors of the Agency is composed of seven directors elected by the members at the annual meeting to be scheduled in December each year.

NOTE 10 INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENT

On January 3, 2012, the Pagosa Springs Sanitation General Improvement District (PSSGID) and Pagosa Area Water and Sanitation District (PAWSD) entered into an intergovernmental agreement for PSSGID to extend their sewer lines to connect with the PAWSD line. PAWSD would then do the sewer treatment. The construction contract of this extended line was for a bid price of \$6,853,000. PAWSD has agreed to loan PSSGID up to \$2,835,000 for the construction. This loan will be repaid over 20 years at an interest rate equal to PAWSD lost opportunity on investment funds.

NOTE 11 INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2021 were as follows:

	Transfers In											
	Imp	rovement	S	anitation	Ge	othermal						
Transfers Out	Fund			Fund		Fund		Total				
General Fund	\$	60,431	\$	168,896	\$	18,959	\$	248,286				
Tourism Fund		25,000		-		-		25,000				
Conservation Trust Fund		42,000		-	-			42,000				
Total	\$	127,431	\$	168,896	\$	18,959	\$	315,286				

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

On March 18, 2021, The General Fund advanced funds at 1.25% to the Sanitation and Geothermal funds in the amounts of \$139,034 and \$18,959. Repayment of funds will be over three and six years, respectfully, at 1.25% beginning in July of 2021. Balance of advanced funds as of December 31, 2021, is \$119,172 and \$12,362 for the Sanitation and Geothermal funds.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

TOWN OF PAGOSA SPRINGS SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY DECEMBER 31, 2021

Fiscal Year		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
Plan Measurement Date	D	ecember 31, 2020	D	ecember 31, 2019	Dee	cember 31, 2018	De	ecember 31, 2017	De	cember 31, 2016	De	ecember 31, 2015	D€	ecember 31, 2014
(Entity)'s Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)		0.049627506%		0.048949656%		0.047532514%		0.058308300%		0.067448083%		0.062606691%		0.061852230%
(Entity)'s Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	(107,742)	\$	(27,684)	\$	60,094	\$	(83,886)	\$	24,372	\$	(1,104)	\$	(69,805)
(Entity)'s Covered Payroll	\$	398,609	\$	360,769	\$	318,405	\$	341,063	\$	345,181	\$	303,497	\$	278,175
(Entity)'s Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		(27.0%)		(7.7%)		18.9%		(24.6%)		7.1%		(0.4%)		(25.1%)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		106.7%		101.9%		95.2%		106.3%		98.2%		100.1%		106.8%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of December 31 based on the measurement date of the Plan. Covered payroll is presented based on the fiscal year. Information earlier than 2014 was not available.

TOWN OF PAGOSA SPRINGS SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS DECEMBER 31, 2021

Fiscal Year	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 33,498	\$ 31,889	\$ 28,862	\$ 25,472	\$ 27,285	\$ 27,615	\$ 24,280
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	33,498	31,889	28,862	25,472	27,285	27,615	24,280
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$-</u>
(Entity)'s Covered Payroll	\$ 394,089	\$ 398,609	\$ 360,769	\$ 318,405	\$ 341,063	\$ 345,181	\$ 303,497
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	8.5%	8%	8%	8%	8%	8%	8%

*The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of December 31.

TOWN OF PAGOSA SPRINGS NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION DECEMBER 31, 2021

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES FOR THE FOLLOWING MAJOR FUNDS:

The **General Fund** is used to account for resources traditionally associated with government which are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in another fund.

The **Tourism Fund** accounts for the tax collected from lodging establishments to be used for community support services.

See the accompanying Independent Auditors' Report.

TOWN OF PAGOSA SPRINGS GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual	 iance With al Budget
REVENUES					
Taxes					
Property Tax	\$ 96,611	\$ 96,611	\$	96,490	\$ (121)
Sales Tax	3,413,025	3,413,025		4,342,185	929,160
Franchise Tax	26,000	26,000		27,900	1,900
Other Taxes	 43,000	 43,000		39,892	 (3,108)
Total Taxes	3,578,636	3,578,636		4,506,467	927,831
Licenses, Permits, and Fees					
Licenses, Permits, and Fees	86,700	86,700		108,141	21,441
Building Permits	 75,000	 75,000		154,509	 79,509
Total Licenses, Permits, and Fees	161,700	161,700		262,650	100,950
Intergovernmental					
Grant Revenues	50,000	50,000		151,620	101,620
Total Intergovernmental	 50,000	50,000		151,620	101,620
Fines and Forfeitures					
Fines and Forfeitures	113,500	113,500		88,201	(25,299)
Total Fines and Forfeitures	113,500	113,500		88,201	 (25,299)
Charges for Services					
Charges for Services	150,750	150,750		283,935	133,185
Total Charges for Services	 150,750	 150,750	_	283,935	 133,185
Interest					
Interest Revenue	28,000	28,000		52,764	24,764
Total Interest	28,000	28,000		52,764	 24,764
Other Revenues					
Miscellaneous	153,748	181,849		158,733	(23,116)
Total Other Revenues	153,748	181,849		158,733	 (23,116)
Total Revenue	4,236,334	4,264,435		5,504,370	1,239,935

TOWN OF PAGOSA SPRINGS GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

EXPENDITURES	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget
General Government Town Admin Building and Planning	\$ 1,023,377 665,690	\$ 1,023,377 665,690	\$	\$ 76,754 108,018
Municipal Court Total General Government	<u>386,760</u> 2,075,827	<u>386,760</u> 2,075,827	<u>351,186</u> 1,855,481	<u>35,574</u> 220,346
Public Safety Police Total Public Safety	<u> </u>	<u>1,488,440</u> 1.488,440	1,138,577	<u>349,863</u> 349,863
Parks and Recreation	, , - ,	, , .		
Recreation Total Parts and Recreation	<u> </u>	737,331 737,331	<u>549,348</u> 549,348	<u> 187,983 </u> 187,983
Community Support Community Support Total Community Support	<u>359,425</u> 359,425	<u>359,425</u> 359,425	<u>298,305</u> 298,305	<u>61,120</u> 61,120
Total Expenditures	4,266,684	4,661,023	3,841,711	819,312
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(30,350)	(396,588)	1,662,659	2,059,247
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers Out		(157,992)	(248,286)	(90,294)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(30,350)	<u>(157,992)</u> (554,580)	(248,286)	<u>(90,294)</u> 1,968,953
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	2,360,315	3,623,830	3,623,830	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 2,329,965	\$ 3,069,250	\$ 5,038,203	\$ 1,968,953

TOWN OF PAGOSA SPRINGS TOURISM FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Original and Final Budget			Actual	Variance With Final Budget	
REVENUES						
Lodgers Tax	\$	699,103	\$	1,015,412	\$	316,309
Intergovernmental Revenue		273,500		523,353		249,853
Charges for Services		1,500		1,013		(487)
Other Revenues		25,000				(25,000)
Total Revenue		999,103		1,539,778		540,675
EXPENDITURES						
Community Support		986,668		838,553		148,115
Total Expenditures		986,668		838,553		148,115
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		12,435		701,225		688,790
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers Out		_		(25,000)		(25,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		(25,000)		(25,000)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						(, /
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		12,435		676,225		663,790
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		774,701		922,685		147,984
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	787,136	\$	1,598,910	\$	811,774

OTHER INFORMATION

TOWN OF PAGOSA SPRINGS BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES DECEMBER 31, 2021

Major Capital Project Fund

The **Capital Improvement Fund** accounts for maintenance, acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those belonging to enterprise funds).

Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund

The **Conservation Trust Fund** accounts for the State of Colorado lottery funds to be used for parks and recreation services and capital investment.

Major and Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent is that the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The budgets for the enterprise funds have been prepared and presented on a modified accrual basis which is an accounting basis other than GAAP for enterprise funds.

The **Sanitation Fund** accounts for the activities related to the Town's sanitation treatment and distribution operations.

The **Geothermal Fund** is used to account for the Town's geothermal services.

TOWN OF PAGOSA SPRINGS CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Sales Taxes	\$ 3,413,025	\$ 3,413,025	\$ 4,342,185	\$ 929,160
Highway Users Tax	68,786	68,786	81,503	12,717
Intergovernmental Revenue	958,488	958,488	580,334	(378,154)
Charges for Services	31,705	50,650	61,576	10,926
Interest Income	5,000	5,000	-	(5,000)
Other Income	15,000	15,000	55,476	40,476
Total Revenue	4,492,004	4,510,949	5,121,074	610,125
EXPENDITURES				
General Government	306,223	306,223	15,803	290,420
Public Safety	10,500	10,500	14,344	(3,844)
Public Works/Streets	1,727,622	1,981,288	1,646,581	334,707
Parks and Recreation	606,953	606,953	455,506	151,447
Debt Service				
Principal	309,883	433,841	366,844	66,997
Interest	162,000	162,000	161,710	290
Capital Outlay	2,299,157	2,299,157	1,757,080	542,077
Total Expenditures	5,422,338	5,799,962	4,417,868	1,382,094
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	(930,334)	(1,289,013)	703,206	1,992,219
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In			107 404	107 404
		-	127,431	127,431
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			127,431	127,431
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(930,334)	(1,289,013)	830,637	2,119,650
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	1,731,287	1,718,931	1,718,931	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 800,953	\$ 429,918	\$ 2,549,568	\$ 2,119,650

TOWN OF PAGOSA SPRINGS NONMAJOR CONSERVATION TRUST SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Original Budget	 Final Budget	Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES						
Charges for Services	\$ 44,197	\$ 44,197	\$	43,427	\$	(770)
Intergovernmental Revenues	 15,000	 77,032		80,525		3,493
Total Revenue	 59,197	121,229		123,952		2,723
EXPENSES						
Operating System	16,000	16,000		29,672		(13,672)
Administrative	13,750	13,750		1,000		12,750
Capital Outlay	25,000	25,000		-		25,000
Professional Fees	8,000	8,000		5,000		3,000
Debt Principal	6,750	6,750		18,787		(12,037)
Debt Interest and Fiscal Charges	-	-		1,012		(1,012)
Total Operating Expenses	 69,500	 69,500		55,471		14,029
Operating Income	(10,303)	51,729		68,481		16,752
Contributions, Transfers and Capital and						
Related Financing Activities						
Transfers In	-	18,959		18,959		-
Total Contributions and Transfers	 -	 18,959		18,959		-
CHANGE IN NET POSITION - BUDGETARY BASIS	\$ (10,303)	\$ 70,688		87,440	\$	16,752
GAAP Basis Adjustments						
Debt Principal				18,787		
Depreciation				(28,232)		
F				(,		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION - GAAP BASIS				77,995		
Net Position - Beginning of Year				320,152		
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR			\$	398,147		

See the accompanying Independent Auditors' Report.

TOWN OF PAGOSA SPRINGS SANITATION FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	 Original Budget	 Final Budget	 Actual	F	/ariance Positive legative)
REVENUES					
Charges for Services	\$ 863,340	\$ 888,878	\$ 871,249	\$	(17,629)
Property and Specific Ownership Tax	45,790	45,790	56,035		10,245
Grant Revenue	156,024	156,024	67,743		(88,281)
Connection and Tap Fees	69,375	69,375	64,947		(4,428)
Interest Income	2,500	2,500	1,149		(1,351)
Other Revenues	 24,000	 24,000	 14,063		(9,937)
Total Operating Revenue	1,161,029	1,186,567	1,075,186		(111,381)
EXPENSES					
Salaries and Wages	165,971	165,971	126,647		39,324
Operating System	404,628	404,628	343,221		61,407
Administrative	198,900	198,900	44,931		153,969
Capital Outlay	150,000	150,000	145,920		4,080
Professional Fees	33,000	33,000	32,339		661
Debt Principal	275,514	367,938	410,864		(42,926)
Debt Interest and Fiscal Charges	 80,104	 80,104	 71,401		8,703
Total Operating Expenses	 1,308,117	 1,400,541	 1,175,323		225,218
Operating Income	(147,088)	(213,974)	(100,137)		349,705
Contributions, Transfers and Capital and					
Related Financing Activities					
Transfers In	 -	 139,033	 168,896		29,863
Total Contributions and Transfers	 -	 139,033	 168,896		29,863
CHANGE IN NET POSITION - BUDGETARY BASIS	\$ (147,088)	\$ (74,941)	68,759	\$	379,568
GAAP Basis Adjustments					
Capital Outlay			145,920		
Debt Principal			410,864		
Depreciation			 (293,767)		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION - GAAP BASIS			331,776		
Net Position - Beginning of Year			 7,219,319		
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR			\$ 7,551,095		

See the accompanying Independent Auditors' Report.

TOWN OF PAGOSA SPRINGS GEOTHERMAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Original Budget	 Final Budget	Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES						
Charges for Services	\$ 44,197	\$ 44,197	\$	43,427	\$	(770)
Intergovernmental Revenues	 15,000	 77,032		80,525		3,493
Total Revenue	59,197	121,229		123,952		2,723
EXPENSES						
Operating System	16,000	16,000		29,672		(13,672)
Administrative	13,750	13,750		1,000		12,750
Capital Outlay	25,000	25,000		-		25,000
Professional Fees	8,000	8,000		5,000		3,000
Debt Principal	6,750	6,750		18,787		(12,037)
Debt Interest and Fiscal Charges	-	, _		1,012		(1,012)
Total Operating Expenses	69,500	 69,500		55,471		14,029
Operating Income	(10,303)	51,729		68,481		16,752
Contributions, Transfers and Capital and Related Financing Activities						
Transfers In	 -	 18,959		18,959		-
Total Contributions and Transfers	 -	 18,959		18,959		-
CHANGE IN NET POSITION - BUDGETARY BASIS	\$ (10,303)	\$ 70,688		87,440	\$	16,752
GAAP Basis Adjustments Debt Principal Depreciation				18,787 (28,232)		
				(_0,_0_)		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION - GAAP BASIS				77,995		
Net Position - Beginning of Year				320,152		
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR			\$	398,147		

STATE COMPLIANCE

TOWN OF PAGOSA SPRINGS LOCAL HIGHWAY FINANCE REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2020

The public report burden for this information collection is estimated to ave	erage 380 hours annually.			Financial Planning 02 Form # 350-050-36		
City or County:						
			Town of Pagosa Sprir	ngs, CO		
LOCAL HIGHWAY FINAN	CE REPORT		YEAR ENDING :			
		-	December 2021			
This Information From The Records Of Town of Pagosa Springs Prepared By: April Hessman, Town Clerk Phone: 1-970-264-4151 ext 237						
I. DISPOSITION OF HIGHWAY-USER REV	ENUES AVAILABLI	E FOR LOCAL GOV	ERNMENT EXPEN	DITURE		
ITEM	A. Local Motor-Fuel Taxes	B. Local Motor-Vehicle Taxes	C. Receipts from State Highway- User Taxes	D. Receipts from Federal Highway Administration		
1. Total receipts available						
2. Minus amount used for collection expenses						
3. Minus amount used for nonhighway purposes						
4. Minus amount used for mass transit						
5. Remainder used for highway purposes						
II. RECEIPTS FOR ROAD AND STREET P	URPOSES		BURSEMENTS FOR D STREET PURPOS			
ITEM	AMOUNT	IT	EM	AMOUNT		
A. Receipts from local sources:		A. Local highway d	lisbursements:			
1. Local highway-user taxes		 Capital outlay 	(from page 2)	49,998		
a. Motor Fuel (from Item I.A.5.)		2. Maintenance:		462,592		
b. Motor Vehicle (from Item I.B.5.)		3. Road and stree				
c. Total (a.+b.)	(15.(50)	a. Traffic cont		-		
2. General fund appropriations	615,650	b. Snow and i	-			
3. Other local imposts (from page 2)4. Miscellaneous local receipts (from page 2)	-	c. Other d. Total (a. th	-			
5. Transfers from toll facilities	282	4. General admin	-			
6. Proceeds of sale of bonds and notes:	-	5. Highway law e	-			
a. Bonds - Original Issues	-	6. Total (1 throu	2	512,589		
b. Bonds - Refunding Issues	-	B. Debt service on				
c. Notes	-	1. Bonds:				
d. Total (a. + b. + c.)	-	a. Interest	85,563			
7. Total (1 through 6)	615,932	b. Redemption	100,000			
B. Private Contributions	-	c. Total (a. + 1	o.)	185,563		
C. Receipts from State government		2. Notes:				
(from page 2)	82,220	a. Interest		-		
D. Receipts from Federal Government		b. Redemption		-		
(from page 2) $\mathbf{F} = \mathbf{T} \mathbf{r} \mathbf{r} \mathbf{r} \mathbf{r} \mathbf{r} \mathbf{r} \mathbf{r} r$	-	c. Total $(a, +)$		-		
E. Total receipts (A.7 + B + C + D)	698,152	3. Total (1.c + 2		185,563		
		C. Payments to Sta D. Payments to toll	0 1	-		
		v v	$\frac{11}{11} \text{ents} (A.6 + B.3 + C + C)$	698,152		
		E. Total disbui sem	ents (71.0 + D.5 + C +	090,152		
IV. LOO	CAL HIGHWAY DE					
	Opening Debt	Amount Issued	Redemptions	Closing Debt		
A. Bonds (Total)	2,260,000	0	100,000	2,160,000		
1. Bonds (Refunding Portion)	_	0	0			
B. Notes (Total)	-	0	0	-		
V. LOCAL R	DAD AND STREET	FUND BALANCE				
0	B. Total Receipts	C. Total Disbursemen	D. Ending Balance	E. Reconciliation		
	698,152	698,152	0	-		
Notes and Comments:						
EODM EUWA 526 (Day: 01.05)		EDITIONS OBSOLE				

FORM FHWA-536 (Rev.01-05)

TOWN OF PAGOSA SPRINGS LOCAL HIGHWAY FINANCE REPORT (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2020

LOCAL HIGHWAY FINA	STATE: Colorado YEAR ENDING (mm/yy): December 2021					
II. RECEIPTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES - DETAIL						
ITEM	AMOUNT		ITEM	AMOUNT		
A.3. Other local imposts:			llaneous local receipts:			
a. Property Taxes and Assessments	0		terest on investments	0		
b. Other local imposts:			affic Fines & Penalties	0		
1. Sales Taxes	0		king Garage Fees	0		
2. Infrastructure & Impact Fees	0		rking Meter Fees	0		
3. Liens	0		le of Surplus Property	0		
4. Licenses	0		arges for Services	0		
5. Specific Ownership &/or Other	0	0	her Misc. Receipts	0		
6. Total (1. through 5.)	0	h. Ot		282		
c. Total (a. + b.)	0	i. To	tal (a. through h.)	282		
	(Carry forward to page 1)			(Carry forward to page 1)		
ITEM	AMOUNT		ITEM	AMOUNT		
C. Receipts from State Government	AMOUNT	D. Dessint	s from Federal Governme			
1. Highway-user taxes	82,220		A (from Item I.D.5.)			
2. State general funds	82,220		Federal agencies:			
3. Other State funds:			est Service	0		
a. State bond proceeds		b. FEI		0		
b. Project Match		c. HU		0		
c. Motor Vehicle Registrations	0		eral Transit Admin	0		
d. Other (Specify) -	0		. Corps of Engineers	0		
e. Other (Specify)	0		er Federal	0		
f. Total (a. through e.)	0		al (a. through f.)	0		
4. Total $(1, +2, +3.f)$	82.220		(1. + 2.g)			
				(Carry forward to page 1)		
III. DISBURSEMENTS FOR F	ROAD AND STREET PUR	POSES - D	ETAIL			
	0	N NATION	OFF NATIONAL			
		HIGHWAY		TOTAL		
		SYSTEM	SYSTEM			
		(a)	(b)	(c)		
A.1. Capital outlay:				10		
a. Right-Of-Way Costs		0	49,997	49,997		
b. Engineering Costs		0	0	0		
c. Construction:		^ ^	~	^		
(1). New Facilities		0	0			
(2). Capacity Improvements		0	0	*		
(3). System Preservation		0	0			
(4). System Enhancement & Operation (5). To $(1) + (2) + (2) + (3)$		-	0			
(5). Total Construction $(1) + (2) + (3) + (4)$		0	0			
d. Total Capital Outlay (Lines 1.a. + 1.b. + 1.c.5))	0	49,997	,		
				(Carry forward to page 1)		



CLA (CliftonLarsonAllen LLP) is a network member of CLA Global. See CLAglobal.com/disclaimer. Investment advisory services are offered through CliftonLarsonAllen Wealth Advisors, LLC, an SEC-registered investment advisor.